



January 1 – December 31, 2024

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of HealthPartners® Freedom Balance WI (Cost)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024.

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 800-233-9645. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are:

From **Oct. 1 through March 31**, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, **seven days a week**. You'll speak with a representative. From **April 1 through Sept. 30**, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, **Monday through Friday** to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we'll get back to you within one business day.

This call is free.

This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI, is offered by HealthPartners, Inc. and HealthPartners Insurance Company, jointly and severally. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means HealthPartners, Inc. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI.)

This information is available in a different format, including large print. Please call Member Services if you need plan information in another format.

Benefits, premiums, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The pharmacy network and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

2024 Evidence of Coverage

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CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

| | |
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| Section 1.1 | You are enrolled in HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI, which is a Medicare Cost Plan |
|--------------------|---|

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care coverage through our plan, HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI is a Medicare Cost Plan. This plan does not include Part D prescription drug coverage. Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare Cost Plan is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

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| Section 1.2 | What is the <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> document about? |
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This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of the plan.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

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| Section 1.3 | Legal information about the <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> |
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This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how our plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area, after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

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| Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements |
|---|

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have Medicare Part B (or you have both Part A and Part B)
- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- *and* -- you do *not* have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer.

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| Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for our plan |
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Our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Wisconsin: Burnett, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix and Washburn.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify us if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. We must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

We will send you a plan membership card. You should use this card whenever you get covered services from a HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI network provider. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here’s a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

HealthPartners
Plan (80840) ID <99999999> Group <####> Renewal Mo. <January>
Name <JANE K DOE>
Care Type HealthPartners Freedom Cost

Office <###.00>
RxBIN 003585 RxPCN 24002 NO COV PART D
ER <###.00>
Urgent <###.00>

CMS - H2462 ####

Emergency & Urgently Needed Care
For emergency situations, call 911 and/or get medical attention immediately. For medical advice call the CareLineSM nurse service any time at 612-339-3663 or 800-551-0859 or call your clinic at 952-555-5555.

Claims Submission
Medical: HealthPartners Claims, P.O. Box 1289, Minneapolis, MN 55440-1289
Preventive Dental: HealthPartners Dental Claims, P.O. Box 1172, Minneapolis, MN 55440-1172.

Member Services: HealthPartners Member Services, P.O. Box 9463, Minneapolis, MN, 55440-9463, phone 952-883-7979 or 800-233-9645. (TTY 711).

The State of Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance.
Phone numbers: 608-266-0103 in Madison or toll-free 1-800-236-8517.

healthpartners.com **SAMPLE** Offered by Group Health Plan, Inc.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Because our plan is a Medicare Cost Plan, you should also **keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card with you.** As a Cost Plan member, if you receive Medicare-covered services (except for emergency or urgent care) from an out-of-network provider or when you are outside of our service area, these services will be paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan. In these cases, you will be responsible for Original Medicare deductibles and coinsurance. (If you receive emergency or urgent care from an out-of-network provider or when you are outside of our service area, our plan will pay for these services.) It is important that you keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card with you for when you receive services paid for under Original Medicare.

Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at healthpartners.com/medicare.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy Provider Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for our plan

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium (Section 4.3)

Section 4.1 Plan premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2024, the monthly premium for our plan is \$87.60.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium

If you signed up for extra benefits, also called *optional supplemental benefits*, then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for details. The additional monthly premium in 2024 for the Freedom Comprehensive Dental Benefit is \$46.50. The additional monthly premium in 2024 for the Optional Benefit Rider is \$42.00. If you have any questions about your plan premiums, please call Member Services.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are three ways you can pay your plan premium.

Option 1: Paying by check

You may decide to pay your monthly plan premium directly to us. Checks must be made payable to HealthPartners, not CMS or HHS. The premium for each month is due on the first day of the month. You will be billed for each premium payment before it is due. We only have to bill you once to tell you when the premium is due. You have a grace period of two calendar months for making premium payments. The grace period of two calendar months begins on the premium due date. If you fail to pay the premium when due, we will notify you that you will be disenrolled if payment is not made by the end of the grace period. If you do not pay the premium, you will be terminated on the first day of the month following the grace period of two calendar months.

To pay by mail, send your check to:

HealthPartners Riverview
Lockbox 139148
P.O. Box 9148
Minneapolis, MN 55480-9148

To drop off your check in person, bring it to:

HealthPartners
Member Services
8170 33rd Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55425

Option 2: You can pay online from your bank account

Instead of paying by check, you can sign up to receive and pay the monthly bill for your plan premium online through your secure *myHealthPartners* account at healthpartners.com. Your monthly plan premium can be automatically withdrawn from your bank account on a monthly basis, on or around the first of the month. If you do not wish to use this option to pay your monthly plan premiums on a recurring basis, you can choose to schedule your online payment

each month. If you are interested in this method of paying your monthly plan premium, please log on to your *myHealthPartners* account and click on “Pay premium” on the “my Plan” tab.

Option 3: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

Changing the way you pay your plan premium. If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, please call Member Services.

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the first day of the month. If we have not received your payment by the first day of the month, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your premium within two calendar months from the premium due date.

If you are having trouble paying your plan premium on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your plan premiums, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the amount you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 9 of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at 800-233-9645. From **Oct. 1 through March 31**, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, **seven days a week**. You’ll speak with a representative. From **April 1 through Sept. 30**, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, **Monday through Friday** to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

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| Section 5.2 | Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year? |
|--------------------|---|

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

SECTION 6 **Keeping your plan membership record up to date**

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies, you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 **How other insurance works with our plan**

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:

*Important phone numbers
and resources*

SECTION 1 HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI contacts
 (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)

How to contact our plan’s Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to our plan’s Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

| Method | Member Services – Contact Information |
|----------------|---|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | 952-883-7333 |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Member Services MS 21103R P.O. Box 9463 Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463</p> |
| WEBSITE | <u>healthpartners.com/medicare</u> |

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

| Method | Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information |
|----------------|---|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | 952-883-7333 |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Member Services MS 21103R P.O. Box 9463 Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463</p> |
| WEBSITE | <u>healthpartners.com/medicare</u> |

| Method | Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information |
|----------------|---|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | <p>952-853-8742</p> |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Member Rights & Benefits MS 21103R P.O. Box 9463 Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463</p> |
| WEBSITE | <p><u>healthpartners.com/medicare</u></p> |

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

| Method | Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information |
|-------------------------|---|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You'll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we'll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You'll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we'll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | <p>952-853-8742</p> |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Member Rights & Benefits MS 21103R P.O. Box 9463 Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463</p> |
| MEDICARE WEBSITE | <p>You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.</p> |

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

| Method | Payment Requests – Contact Information |
|----------------|---|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You’ll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we’ll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | 952-883-7666 |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Claims P.O. Box 1289 Minneapolis, MN 55440-1289</p> |
| WEBSITE | <u>healthpartners.com/medicare</u> |

SECTION 2 Medicare
 (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage and Medicare Cost Plan organizations including us.

| Method | Medicare – Contact Information |
|----------------------------|---|
| CALL | <p>1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> |
| TTY | <p>1-877-486-2048</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> |
| WEBSITE | <p>www.medicare.gov</p> <p>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</p> <p>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information • Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans. |
| WEBSITE (continued) | <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program. <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)</p> |

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Wisconsin, the SHIP is called the Board on Aging and Long Term Care.

The Board on Aging and Long Term Care is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

The Board on Aging and Long Term Care counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. The Board on Aging and Long Term Care counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <https://www.shiphelp.org> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

| Method | The Board on Aging and Long Term Care (Wisconsin SHIP) – Contact Information |
|----------------|--|
| CALL | 800-242-1060 |
| WRITE | The Board on Aging and Long Term Care 1402 Pankratz Street, Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704 Email: BOALTC@Wisconsin.Gov |
| WEBSITE | longtermcare.wi.gov/ |

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Wisconsin, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon

| Method | Livanta (Wisconsin’s Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | 888-524-9900 Monday through Friday, 9:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. Weekends and Holidays, 11:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m. 24-hour voicemail is available |
| TTY | 888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| WRITE | Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105 |
| WEBSITE | https://livantaqio.com/en |

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

| Method | Social Security – Contact Information |
|---------|--|
| CALL | 1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day. |
| TTY | 1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. |
| WEBSITE | www.ssa.gov |

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These *Medicare Savings Programs* include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Wisconsin Department of Health Services.

| Method | Wisconsin Department of Health Services – Contact Information |
|----------------|---|
| CALL | 608-266-1865 Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. – 6 p.m. |
| TTY | 711 |
| WRITE | Wisconsin Department of Health Services Division of Medicaid Services PO Box 309 Madison, WI 53707-0309 Email: dhswebmaildms@dhs.wi.gov |
| WEBSITE | www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/ |

SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

| Method | Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information |
|----------------|--|
| CALL | 1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press “0”, you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays. |
| TTY | 1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free. |
| WEBSITE | rrb.gov/ |

SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3:

*Using the plan for your medical
services*

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

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| Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services? |
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- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

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| Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan |
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As a Medicare health plan, our plan must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Our plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You generally must receive your care from a network provider** for our plan to cover the services.
 - If we do not cover services you receive from an out-of-network provider, the services will be covered by Original Medicare if they are Medicare-covered services. Except for emergency or urgently needed services, if you get services covered by Original Medicare from an out-of-network provider then you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts. For information on Original

Medicare’s cost-sharing amounts, call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- You should get supplemental benefits from a network provider. If you get covered supplemental benefits, such as travel counseling, from an out-of-network provider then you must pay the entire cost of the service.
- If an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Member Services. Generally, it is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill Original Medicare first, and then to bill us for the remaining amount. We may require the out-of-network provider to bill Original Medicare. We will then pay any applicable Medicare coinsurance and deductibles minus your copayments on your behalf.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan’s network to get your medical care

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| Section 2.1 How to get care from specialists and other network providers |
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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

You do not need a referral to see a network specialist. For some types of services provided by network specialists, the specialist will need to get approval in advance from us (this is called getting “prior authorization”). Please refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.1, “Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan,” for information about which services require prior authorization. You may also call Member Services to ask if a particular service requires authorization.

Remember, you may get care from out-of-network providers without a referral (approval in advance). However, if you use out-of-network providers for care that isn’t emergency care or urgent care, or if you use out-of-network providers for care and have not activated the Extended Absence Benefit, you will have to pay the Original Medicare Plan cost sharing.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

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| Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency |
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What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network. You also may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, outside the United States, anywhere in the world. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more detailed information. Ambulance services also are covered in situations where other means of transportation outside the United States, anywhere in the world, would endanger your health. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more detailed information.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you and will work with us if necessary to make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you go to a network provider to get the additional care. If you get additional care from an **out-of-network** provider after the doctor says it was not an emergency, you will normally have to pay Original Medicare's cost sharing.

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| Section 3.2 | Getting care when you have an urgent need for services |
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What are urgently needed services?

An *urgently needed service* is a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. For example, an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend. Urgently needed services may be furnished by out of-network providers when it is unreasonable, given your circumstances, to obtain immediate care from network providers.

You can also access your network doctor or any network urgent care provider for urgently needed services. Please see the *Provider Directory* available on our website at healthpartners.com/medicare for a list of urgent care providers in the plan's network or contact Member Services to request a copy or inquire about network urgent care providers.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances:

- Worldwide urgent care services are covered for treatment of an unforeseen illness or injury in order to prevent a serious deterioration in health which cannot be delayed until returning to the service area.
- Worldwide emergency care services are covered for treatment of (1) the sudden, unexpected onset of illness or injury which, if left untreated or unattended until returning to the service area, would result in hospitalization, or (2) a condition requiring professional health services immediately necessary to preserve life or stabilize health.

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| Section 3.3 | Getting care during a disaster |
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If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: healthpartners.com/medicare for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

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| SECTION 4 | What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services? |
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| Section 4.1 | You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services |
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If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 **If services are not covered by our plan or Original Medicare, you must pay the full cost**

Our plan covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out of network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services. You have the right to seek care from any provider that is qualified to treat Medicare members. However, Original Medicare pays your claims, and you must pay your cost sharing.

SECTION 5 **How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?**

Section 5.1 **What is a clinical research study?**

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study covered by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

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| Section 5.2 | When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what? |
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Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

We will pay the Medicare Part A or Part B deductible.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

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| Section 6.1 | What is a religious non-medical health care institution? |
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A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

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| Section 6.2 | Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution |
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To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following condition applies:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.

There is no limit to the number of days covered by the plan each benefit period.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

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| Section 7.1 | Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan? |
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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you acquire ownership, as follows: we will transfer ownership of certain types of DME items when the rental fee equals the purchase price. Call Member Services to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

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| Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance |
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What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, our plan will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repair of oxygen equipment

If you leave our plan or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services. If you signed up and are paying an additional premium for the “Freedom Comprehensive Dental Benefit,” the benefit, including services covered for you and applicable exclusions, is described under Section 2.2, “Extra ‘optional supplemental’ benefits you can buy.” If you signed up and are paying an additional premium for the Optional Benefit Rider, the benefit, including services covered for you and applicable exclusions, is described under Section 2.2, “Extra ‘optional supplemental’ benefits you can buy.”

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| Section 1.1 | Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services |
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To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

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| Section 1.2 | What is the most you will pay for covered medical services? |
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There is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for medical services that are covered by our plan. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 this amount is \$3,400.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your plan premiums do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk and an italicized statement that reads “*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.*” in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$3,400, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered services. However, you must continue to pay

your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

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| Section 1.3 | Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you |
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As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services).
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

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| Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan |
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The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services our plan covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. *Medically necessary* means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered by our plan, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral.
 - If you get Medicare-covered services from an out-of-network provider and we do not cover the services, Original Medicare will cover the services. For any services covered by Original Medicare instead of our plan, you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in italics. In addition, the following services not listed in the Benefits Chart require prior authorization:
 - Bone growth stimulators, electronic and ultrasonic
 - Chimeric antigen receptor/genetically engineered T-cell receptor (CAR-T) therapy
 - Investigational services
 - Percutaneous tibial nerve stimulation (PTNS)
 - Transcranial magnetic stimulation

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)


- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.




You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.





- If we do not cover services you receive from an out-of-network provider, the services will be covered by Original Medicare if they are Medicare-covered services. Except for emergency or urgently needed services, or services covered under the Extended Absence Benefit, if you get services covered by Original Medicare from an out-of-network provider then you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts. For information on Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts, call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.


Medical Benefits Chart


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <p> Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</p> <p>A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p> |
| <p>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lasting 12 weeks or longer; • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.); • not associated with surgery; and • not associated with pregnancy. <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit for Medicare-covered acupuncture services.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <p>Provider Requirements:</p> <p>Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and, • a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p> <p>Our plan also covers non-Medicare covered acupuncture services by state-licensed acupuncturists when medically necessary, for the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an analgesia for medical procedures • Chronic pain syndromes (neuromusculoskeletal conditions and headaches) • Nausea • PMS or menstrual disorders <p>For new conditions, there should be documented improvement in areas that are relevant to the condition being treated, such as severity/intensity and frequency of symptoms; general fatigue/lack of energy; mobility/range of motion; sleep disturbance; decreased quality of life.</p> <p>Non-Medicare covered acupuncture services are limited to a maximum of 20 visits per calendar year.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit for non-Medicare covered acupuncture services.</p> |



| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <p>Ambulance services Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member’s condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. <i>(Non-emergency transportation by fixed wing air ambulance requires prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i></p> <p>We also cover situations where an ambulance responds and provides medically necessary treatment at the scene but does not also provide transportation to a medical facility.</p> | <p>Ambulance services inside the United States. \$100 copayment for one-way trips. \$100 copayment for ambulance treatment at the scene without transportation to a medical facility.</p> <p>Ambulance services outside the United States (limited to ground ambulance to the nearest appropriate facility). 20% coinsurance for one-way trips*.</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |
| <p> Annual wellness visit If you’ve had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered every calendar year.</p> <p>Note: Your first annual wellness visit can’t take place within 12 months of your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. However, you don’t need to have had a <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you’ve had Part B for 12 months.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <p> Bone mass measurement</p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician’s interpretation of the results.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p> |
| <p> Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 • One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older • Clinical breast exams once every 24 months | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p> |
| <p>Cardiac rehabilitation services</p> <p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p> Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</p> <p>We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you’re eating healthy.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p> |
| <p> Cardiovascular disease testing</p> <p>Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months)</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p> Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months.• If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months. | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p> |
| <p>Chiropractic services</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p> Colorectal cancer screening</p> <p>The following screening tests are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.• Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema.• Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.• Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.• Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.• Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.• Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. <p>Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam. There is no coinsurance or copayment if the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam.</p> <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered screening barium enema.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Court-ordered mental health evaluation</p> <p>We provide coverage for mental health treatment ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction under a valid court order that is issued on the basis of a behavioral care evaluation performed by a licensed psychiatrist or doctoral level licensed psychologist, which includes a diagnosis and an individual treatment plan for care in the most appropriate, least restrictive environment. We must be given a copy of the court order and the behavioral care evaluation, and the service must be a covered benefit under this plan, and the service must be provided by a network provider, or other provider as required by law. We cover the evaluation upon which the court order was based if it was provided by a network provider.</p> | <p>Same as stated under “Inpatient mental health care” or “Outpatient mental health care,” depending on type of service provided.</p> |
| <p>Dental services</p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.</p> | <p>See “Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits” benefit for Medicare-covered dental services.</p> |
| <p> Depression screening</p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p> Diabetes screening</p> <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.</p> |
| <p> Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors. <i>(Continuous glucose monitors require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i> <i>No more than a 90-day supply of diabetic supplies will be covered and dispensed at a time.</i> <i>Certain diabetic supplies, including blood glucose testing products, are limited to specific brands and manufacturers. The most recent list of these diabetic supplies is available on our website at healthpartners.com/diabeticsupplies. Call Member Services for more information or to request a copy.</i> For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting. Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. | <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetic supplies, including continuous glucose monitors (CGM) and related supplies.</p> <p>20% coinsurance.</p> <p>Nothing for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i> (For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 10 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at healthpartners.com/medicare.</p> <p>You may also obtain any medically necessary DME from any supplier that contracts with Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare). However, if our plan does not contract with this supplier you will have to pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare.</p> | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance, every month.</p> <p>Your cost sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Emergency care</p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Inside the United States.</p> | <p>\$90 copayment per visit.</p> <p><i>Emergency department copayment is waived if admitted for the same condition within 24 hours.</i></p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Outside the United States.</p> | <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered. If you get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after an emergency admission, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital. However, if you refuse reasonable, medically appropriate transfer to a network hospital, your cost sharing might be higher.</p> <p>20% coinsurance*.</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |
| <p>Family planning services Professional voluntary family planning services. (You may also receive these services from out-of-network providers, as described in the “Specified services from out-of-network providers” benefit later in this Medical Benefits Chart.)</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Habilitative care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical therapy and occupational therapy. • Speech therapy. <p>Please see definition of Habilitative care in Chapter 10 for details.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Hair prostheses Wigs for hair loss resulting from alopecia areata. <i>Limited to one wig per year.</i></p> | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p> Health and wellness education programs</p> <p>The SilverSneakers® program is a physical fitness benefit that includes access to a nationwide network of participating fitness locations that include exercise equipment and other amenities, plus group fitness classes led by trained instructors at select locations. This benefit includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A basic fitness membership at participating locations in the SilverSneakers network. Facilities and amenities vary by location. • Fitness classes at local parks, recreation centers and more through SilverSneakers Community • Access to online resources through SilverSneakersLIVE classes, SilverSneakers On-Demand videos, and the SilverSneakers GO mobile app • One fitness kit per year for home or on the go may be selected from several options <p>Visit silversneakers.com to learn more about the program and to access your personal SilverSneakers ID number or call 1-888-423-4632 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. CT.</p> <p>SilverSneakers is a registered trademark of Tivity Health, Inc. ©2023 Tivity Health, Inc. All rights reserved.</p> | <p>Nothing*.</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |
| <p>Hearing services</p> <p>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnostic hearing exams. • Routine hearing exams. <p><i>Limited to one exam per year, unless medically necessary.</i></p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hearing Aids The plan covers up to two TruHearing-branded hearing aids every year (one per ear per year). This benefit is limited to TruHearing’s Standard, Advanced and Premium hearing aids, which come in various styles and colors. Advanced and Premium hearing aids are available in rechargeable style options for an additional \$50 per aid. You must see a TruHearing provider to use this benefit. TruHearing offers a national network of providers. Call 1-833-718-5803 to schedule an appointment (for TTY, dial 711). Hearing aid purchase includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ First year of follow-up provider visits ○ 60-day trial period ○ 3-year extended warranty ○ 80 batteries per aid for non-rechargeable models <p>This benefit does not include or cover any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Additional cost for optional hearing aid rechargeability ○ Ear molds ○ Hearing aid accessories ○ Additional provider visits beyond the first year ○ Additional batteries or batteries when a rechargeable hearing aid is purchased ○ Hearing aids that are not TruHearing-branded hearing aids ○ Costs associated with loss and damage warranty claims <p>Costs associated with excluded items are the responsibility of the member and not covered by the plan.</p> | <p>\$499 copayment per aid for Standard Aids*</p> <p>\$699 copayment per aid for Advanced Aids*</p> <p>\$999 copayment per aid for Premium Aids*</p> <p>\$50 additional cost per aid for optional hearing aid rechargeability*</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |
| <p> HIV screening</p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One screening exam every 12 months <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <p>Home health agency care</p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • Medical and social services • Medical equipment and supplies | <p>Nothing for Medicare-covered home health services.</p> <p>See “Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies” benefit.</p> |
| <p>Home infusion therapy</p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care • Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit • Remote monitoring • Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier | <p>Nothing for Medicare-covered home infusion therapy.</p> <p>We cover the Medicare Part B coinsurance for all components of Medicare-covered home infusion therapy and total parenteral nutrition (TPN).</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Hospice care</p> <p>You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief• Short-term respite care• Home care <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you choose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.</p> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.</p> <p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p> | <p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan.</p> |



| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Hospice care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services • If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare) <p><u>For any optional supplemental services that are covered by our plan:</u> We will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p>Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |
| <p> Immunizations</p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pneumonia vaccine • Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary • Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B • COVID-19 vaccine • Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Inpatient hospital care <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor’s order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>Our plan covers an unlimited number of hospital days, when approved by Medicare as medically necessary, or after Medicare coverage ends, when the services are in accordance with Medicare guidelines. However, you must use available days from your Medicare lifetime reserve of 60 days. Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals including special diets • Regular nursing services • Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) • Drugs and medications • Lab tests • X-rays and other radiology services • Necessary surgical and medical supplies • Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs • Operating and recovery room costs | <p>\$200 copayment per benefit period. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven’t received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. For more information on benefit periods, see the definition of “benefit period” in Chapter 10.</p> <p>After Medicare coverage ends, nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy • Inpatient substance abuse services • Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If our plan provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Limitations apply. However, transportation and lodging costs will not be covered if the transplant occurs during any period of time you are covered under the Extended Absence Benefit. • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. • Physician services <p>Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> | <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> | |
| <p>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital</p> <p>Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital are covered for an unlimited number of days, when approved by Medicare as medically necessary, or after Medicare coverage ends, when the services are in accordance with Medicare guidelines.</p> | <p>\$200 copayment per benefit period. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. For more information on benefit periods, see the definition of "benefit period" in Chapter 10.</p> <p>After Medicare coverage ends, nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i></p> <p>If you have exhausted your skilled nursing facility (SNF) benefits or if the inpatient or skilled nursing facility (SNF) stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physician services • Diagnostic tests (like lab tests) • X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services • Surgical dressings • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations • Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices • Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient’s physical condition • Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy | <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p> Medical nutrition therapy</p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p> |
| <p> Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Nutrition counseling</p> <p>We cover nutrition education through individual counseling provided by a physician, nurse, registered dietician, nutritionist or other qualified provider. Coverage includes consultations for a newly diagnosed condition or for the management of a chronic disease. These services must be prescribed by a physician.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p> Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p> |
| <p>Opioid treatment program services</p> <p>Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications. • Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable) • Substance use counseling • Individual and group therapy • Toxicology testing • Intake activities • Periodic assessments | <p>\$15 copayment per episode of care.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</p> | |
| <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-rays | <p>\$10 copayment.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i> | <p>\$60 copayment.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Surgical supplies, such as dressings | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory tests | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other outpatient diagnostic tests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Diagnostic procedures and tests (including but not limited to: Electrocardiogram (ECG/EKG) and Electroencephalogram (EEG), cardiac stress test, sleep study, and pulmonary function test) | <p>Diagnostic procedures and tests: Nothing.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Diagnostic radiology (including but not limited to: Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Computed Tomography (CT), Positron Emission Tomography (PET), nuclear medicine, and ultrasonography) <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i> | <p>Diagnostic Radiology: \$200 copayment.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Outpatient hospital observation</p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Outpatient hospital services (<i>Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.</i>)</p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery • Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital | <p>See benefit in this Medical Benefits Chart that applies to the type of service provided.</p> <p>See “Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies” benefit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it | <p>See “Outpatient mental health care” and “Partial hospitalization services.”</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital | <p>See “Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies” benefit.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical supplies such as splints and casts | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can’t give yourself | <p>See “Medicare Part B prescription drugs” benefit.</p> |
| <p>Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> | |
| <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p> | |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Outpatient mental health care</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p> <p>If you question the decision made by a network mental health professional concerning treatment for mental health services, we cover a second opinion from another network mental health professional at your request. The coverage decision will not be final until the second network provider is seen. If the determination is that no outpatient or inpatient treatment is necessary, you may request another opinion from a qualified out-of-network mental health professional and we will pay for such an opinion. We will consider the opinion of the out-of-network mental health professional, but are not obligated to accept or act upon the recommendations made by such professional.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per individual visit.</p> <p>\$7.50 copayment per group visit.</p> |
| <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services</p> <p>Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Outpatient substance abuse services</p> <p>We cover services for the diagnosis and treatment of substance abuse when such services are medically necessary and in accordance with Medicare guidelines. Such services are for persons who require treatment, but do not require the level of services found only in an inpatient hospital setting.</p> <p>If you question the decision made by a network mental health professional concerning treatment for alcohol or drug abuse services, we cover a second opinion from another network mental health professional at your request. The coverage decision will not be final until the second network provider is seen. If the determination is that no outpatient or inpatient treatment is necessary, you may request another opinion from a qualified out-of-network mental health professional and we will pay for such an opinion. We will consider the opinion of the out-of-network mental health professional, but are not obligated to accept or act upon the recommendations made by such professional.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |
| <p>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i></p> <p>Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p> | <p>\$100 copayment per visit.</p> |



| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services</p> <p><i>Partial hospitalization</i> is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><i>Intensive outpatient service</i> is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Phenylketonuria (PKU)</p> <p>Special dietary treatment for PKU.</p> | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location (Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.) • Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist • Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> <p><i>Copayment is waived when there is a separate copayment required for ambulatory surgery under “Outpatient hospital services” or “Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers.”</i></p> <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued) | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits, for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home | See “Services to treat kidney disease” benefit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location | \$15 copayment per visit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location | See “Outpatient substance abuse services” benefit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit ○ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services ○ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances | See “Outpatient mental health care” benefit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ You’re not a new patient and ○ The check-in isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ○ The check-in doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ You’re not a new patient and ○ The evaluation isn’t related to an office visit in the past 7 days and ○ The evaluation doesn’t lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment | Nothing. |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued) | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery | \$15 copayment per visit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician) | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injectable and implantable birth control drugs/devices (<i>this provision applies whether the birth control drug/device is used for birth control or for a medically necessary purpose other than birth control</i>). | 20% coinsurance. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visits to convenience clinics that have a contract with us. Contracted convenience care clinics are designated on our website at healthpartners.com/medicare. You must use a designated convenience care clinic to obtain this convenience care benefit. | \$15 copayment per visit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E-visits. Please see definition of E-visit in Chapter 10 for details. | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online visits through Virtuwell®. Please see definition of Virtuwell® in Chapter 10 for details. | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scheduled Telephone Visits. Please see definition of Scheduled Telephone Visit in Chapter 10 for details. | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real-time Interactive Audio and Video Technologies. Please see definition of Real-time Interactive Audio and Video Technologies in Chapter 10 for details. | \$15 copayment per visit. |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Podiatry services Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) • Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> |
| <p> Prostate cancer screening exams For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digital rectal exam • Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test or digital rectal exam.</p> |
| <p>Prosthetic devices and related supplies <i>(Certain services under this item may require prior authorization. Contact Member Services for more information.)</i> Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see Vision Care later in this section for more detail.</p> | <p>20% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p>Pulmonary rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Routine physical exams</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine physical exams. A physician or health care provider will counsel members as to how often health assessments are needed, based on age, sex and health status of the member. • Provider office visits/sessions for health education in connection with preventive services. | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Routine prenatal, routine postnatal and child health supervision services</p> <p>Routine prenatal care and exams include visit-specific screening tests, education and counseling. Routine postnatal care and exams to include health exams, assessments, education and counseling relating to the period immediately after childbirth. Child health supervision services, including pediatric preventive services, routine immunizations, developmental assessments and laboratory services appropriate to the age of the child from birth to 72 months, and appropriate immunizations to age 18.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p> Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p> Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p>Eligible members are: people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.</p> |
| <p> Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor’s office.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| Services to treat kidney disease | |
| Covered services include: | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient dialysis treatments | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) | Same as stated under “Inpatient hospital care” above. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home dialysis equipment and supplies | See “Durable medical equipment and related supplies” benefit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) | Nothing. |
| <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, Medicare Part B prescription drugs.</p> | |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
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| <p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</p> <p>(For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)</p> <p>Skilled nursing facility care is covered if it follows a hospital stay of three or more days. Skilled nursing facility care is limited to 100 days per benefit period. Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> <p>We cover the Medicare coinsurance for Medicare-specified days up to the Medicare limit of 100 days per benefit period.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. For more information on benefit periods, see the definition of "benefit period" in Chapter 10.</p> |


| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|--|
| <p>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • Meals, including special diets • Skilled nursing services • Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy • Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. • Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs • Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs • X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs • Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs • Physician/Practitioner services | |
| <p> Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p>We offer, as a supplemental benefit, additional sessions of face-to-face counseling and interactive on-line and telephone-based coaching.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|--|
| <p>Specified services from out-of-network providers</p> <p>We cover the following services, when you elect to receive them from an out-of-network provider, at the same level of coverage we provide when you elect to receive the services from a network provider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voluntary family planning of the conception and bearing of children. • The provider visit(s) and test(s) necessary to make a diagnosis of infertility. • Testing and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases (other than HIV). • Testing for AIDS or other HIV-related conditions. | <p>Copayment or coinsurance level same as corresponding plan benefit, depending on type of service provided, such as doctor office visits for illness or injury.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|--|
| <p>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD).</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.</p> <p>The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician’s office • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Travel Counseling</p> <p>Individual medical health risk and safety counseling related to travel, provided by a physician or other qualified healthcare professional.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>Treatment of Temporomandibular Disorder (TMD) and Craniomandibular Disorder (CMD)</p> <p>We cover surgical and non-surgical treatment of temporomandibular disorder (TMD) and craniomandibular disorder (CMD), which is medically necessary care. Dental services which are not required to directly treat TMD or CMD are not covered.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> <p>For appliances, see “Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies.”</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|--|
| <p>Urgently needed services</p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Inside the United States.</p> <p>Outside the United States.</p> | <p>\$15 copayment per visit.</p> <p>20% coinsurance*.</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |
| <p>Ventilator-dependent services</p> <p>We cover up to 120 hours of services provided by a private duty nurse or personal care assistant who has provided home care services to a ventilator-dependent patient, solely for the purpose of assuring adequate training of the hospital staff to communicate with that patient.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
|  Vision care | |
| Covered services include: | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts. | \$15 copayment per visit. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older. | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year. | Nothing. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) Eyeglasses or contact lenses may be purchased from a network or out-of-network provider. | Nothing. |
| <p>Covered eyeglasses after cataract surgery includes standard frames and lenses as defined by Medicare; any upgrades are not covered (including, but not limited to, deluxe frames, tinting, progressive lenses, or anti-reflective coating).</p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine eye exams. (Does not include visits for diagnosis, treatment and monitoring of conditions of the eye. These services are covered as “Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.”) | Nothing. |
| <p><i>Limited to one exam per year, unless medically necessary.</i></p> | |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|--|
| <p> Welcome to Medicare preventive visit</p> <p>The plan covers the one-time <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p>Important: We cover the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor’s office know you would like to schedule your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p> | <p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.</p> |
| <p>Worldwide emergency travel logistics</p> <p>If you think you need medical care while you are at least 100 miles from your permanent residence or in a foreign country, you may call Assist America 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at 800-872-1414 (inside the United States) or 1-609-986-1234 (outside the United States). Experienced clinicians will assist you in assessing your need for medical care and coordinate post-stabilization transport to the nearest medical facility or home.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All arrangements must be made through Assist America. Please provide reference number 01-AA-HPT-05133M when you call. • This service is only available during the first 90 consecutive days that you are away from your permanent residence. | <p>Nothing*.</p> <p><i>*Please note that this service does not apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.</i></p> |

Section 2.2 Extra optional supplemental benefits you can buy

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package. These extra benefits are called **Optional Supplemental Benefits**. If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you may have to pay an additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

Election and Termination of Freedom Comprehensive Dental Benefit (referred to as comprehensive dental benefits below)

As a member of our plan, you have the option of purchasing comprehensive dental benefits. You may select these benefits upon your initial enrollment into the plan, or annually during the HealthPartners dental enrollment period. For new members, coverage will be effective on the date your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI coverage is effective. For existing members who add the comprehensive dental benefits, coverage will be effective on either January 1 or the first of the month following enrollment in these benefits, whichever is later. You can disenroll from the optional Freedom Comprehensive Dental Benefit at any time. Your comprehensive dental benefits will continue if you move to another HealthPartners Freedom plan that offers this benefit, unless you choose to end the benefit, as described below.

The monthly premium in 2024 is \$46.50. This is in addition to your premium for Medicare Part A and/or Medicare Part B, if applicable, and your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI monthly premium. The deductible and coinsurance for these covered dental services do not apply to the out-of-pocket limit for covered health care services each year described earlier in this Chapter 4.

You may end your comprehensive dental benefits by giving us written notice of intent to end. Written notice must be sent to:

HealthPartners
Attn: Riverview Membership Accounting Department
MS 21103R
P.O. Box 9463
Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463

Your coverage for comprehensive dental benefits will end on the last day of the month following our receipt of your request to end coverage, or the date you request that your coverage ends, if later.

If you end coverage for comprehensive dental benefits and later wish to re-enroll for these benefits, you may not re-enroll for the benefits until the next annual HealthPartners dental enrollment period.

If you end your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI (Cost) plan, the comprehensive dental benefits also end.

Dental Providers

Dental benefits for covered services may be obtained from our network of participating providers and facilities. A network provider is any one of the participating licensed dentists or other dental care providers or facilities which has entered into an agreement with HealthPartners to provide dental care services to members. This coverage is referred to as “HealthPartners Dental Benefits.” For a listing of participating providers and clinics and their locations, you may call Member Services or check our website at healthpartners.com/medicare. You must verify that your dental provider participates with the HealthPartners network each time you receive services.

To obtain HealthPartners Dental Benefits for covered services, you must receive services from HealthPartners network dental providers and facilities. Under limited circumstances, HealthPartners may authorize, at its discretion, the care delivered by out-of-network dental

providers to be covered as HealthPartners Dental Benefits. You will also be covered for HealthPartners Dental Benefits if you have activated the extended absence benefit as described in this Chapter 4.

There are no referral requirements for services delivered by our network of participating dental providers. Your dentist will coordinate the authorization process for any services which must first be authorized.

Dental benefits for covered services may also be obtained from out-of-network dental providers. These are licensed dentists or other dental care providers or facilities not participating as network providers. This coverage is referred to as “Out-of-Network Dental Benefits.”

If you receive services from an out-of-network dental provider, in addition to any deductible or coinsurance, you will be responsible for the difference between the billed charge and the usual and customary charge allowed amount. The usual and customary charge is the maximum amount allowed considered in the calculation of payment of charges for certain covered services. It is consistent with the charge of other providers of a given service or item in the same region.

When you use out-of-network dental providers, benefits may be substantially reduced and you may incur significantly higher out-of-pocket expenses. An out-of-network dental provider does not usually have an agreement with HealthPartners to provide services at a discounted fee. In addition, Out-of-Network Dental Benefits are restricted to our maximum amount allowed. Our maximum amount allowed can be significantly lower than an out-of-network provider’s billed charges. If the out-of-network provider’s billed charges are over our maximum amount allowed, you pay the difference, in addition to any required deductible, copayment and/or coinsurance.

Covered Services

To be covered, a service must be:

- Dentally necessary;
- Provided while a member is enrolled for these optional supplemental comprehensive dental benefits;
- Not excluded under this EOC.

“Dentally necessary” means care which is limited to diagnostic examination, treatment, and the use of dental equipment and appliances and which is required to prevent deterioration of dental health, or to restore dental function. The member’s general health condition must permit the necessary procedure(s).

Our dental director, or his or her designee, makes coverage determinations of dental necessity, restrictions on access and appropriateness of treatment, and makes final authorization for covered services. Frequency limits, deductibles, copayments or coinsurance, or other maximums or limits for certain covered services may not apply for certain medical conditions if you meet specific coverage criteria set by our dental director.

Dental Benefits Chart

This section states the amount you pay for covered services listed in the Dental Benefits Chart. For certain services, you must first satisfy an Individual Calendar Year Deductible, as shown below. Benefits are also subject to a Calendar Year Maximum Benefit.

Except where expressly addressed in this Benefits Chart, when multiple, acceptable treatment options exist related to a specific dental problem, we will provide benefits based upon the least costly alternative treatment. This includes inlay restorations paid as corresponding amalgam restorations.

| | HealthPartners Dental Benefits | Out-Of-Network Dental Benefits |
|--|---|--|
| Individual Calendar Year Deductible | \$50 | \$50 |
| <i>Deductibles under the HealthPartners Dental Benefits and Out-Of-Network Dental Benefits are combined.</i> | | |
| Calendar Year Maximum Benefit | \$1,100, reduced by any Out-Of-Network Dental Benefits. | \$200, subject to a maximum calendar year benefit of \$1,100 for HealthPartners Dental Benefits and Out-Of-Network Dental Benefits combined. |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| A. PREVENTIVE AND DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES | |
| For this category, the Individual Calendar Year Deductible does not apply. | |
| • Routine dental care examinations for new and existing patients. Limited to two exams each calendar year. | Nothing. |
| • Dental cleaning (prophylaxis or periodontal maintenance cleaning). Limited to two each calendar year. | Nothing. |
| • Topical fluoride (other than silver diamine fluoride). Limited to once each calendar year. | Nothing. |
| • Silver diamine fluoride. Limited to twice per tooth each calendar year. | Nothing. |
| • Pit and Fissure Sealants and preventive resin restorations. One application per tooth per three-year period, for permanent molars. | 50% coinsurance. |
| • Bitewing x-rays. Limited to once each calendar year. | Nothing. |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full mouth or panoramic x-rays, limited to once every three years. • Dental x-rays as are required in connection with the diagnosis of a specific condition requiring treatment, except x-rays provided in connection with orthodontic diagnostic procedures and treatment. • Space maintainers (fixed or removable appliances designed to prevent adjacent and opposing teeth from moving). • Oral hygiene instruction. Limited to once per lifetime as an independent procedure. • Evaluations that are not routine and periodic, including: problem-focused evaluations (either limited or detailed and extensive) and periodontal evaluations. • Screening or assessment of a patient. Limited to twice each calendar year. | <p>Nothing.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> <p>Nothing.</p> |
| <p>B. BASIC SERVICES</p> | |
| <p><i>Basic I Services</i></p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency treatment for relief of pain. • Fillings – restorations using customary restorative materials and stainless steel crowns, when dentally necessary due to loss of tooth structure as a result of tooth decay or fracture. • Oral surgery (non-surgical extraction) for the restoration of dental function, when dentally necessary, provided by the attending dentist in a dental office setting and required to perform a covered dental procedure. • Periodontics (gum disease) – non-surgical treatment. Limited to once in two years. • Endodontics (root canal therapy). | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p><i>Basic II Services</i></p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral Surgery (other than non-surgical extraction) for the restoration of dental function including general anesthesia or intravenous sedation, when dentally necessary, provided by the attending dentist in a dental office setting and required to perform a covered dental procedure. • Periodontics (gum disease) – surgical treatment. Limited to once in two years. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <p>C. SPECIAL SERVICES</p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special restorative care – extraorally fabricated or cast restorations (crowns, inlays, onlays) when teeth cannot be restored with a customary restorative material and when dentally necessary due to the loss of tooth structure as a result of tooth decay or fracture. If a tooth can be restored with a customary restorative material, but an onlay, crown, jacket, indirect composite or porcelain/ceramic restoration is selected, benefits will be calculated using the charge appropriate to the equivalent customary restorative material. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair or recementing of crowns, inlays and onlays. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p>Benefit for the replacement of a crown or onlay will be provided only after a 5 year period measured from the date on which the procedure was last provided, whether under this EOC or not.</p> | |
| <p>D. PROSTHETIC SERVICES</p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initial installation of fixed bridgework to replace missing natural teeth. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Surveyed crowns which are not restorative but which are dentally necessary to facilitate the placement of a removable partial denture. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initial installation of partial or full removable dentures to replace missing natural teeth and adjacent structures and adjustments during the six-month period following installation. If a satisfactory result can be achieved by a standard cast chrome or acrylic partial denture, but a more complicated design is selected, the charges appropriate to the least costly appliance are covered. For full dentures, if a satisfactory result can be achieved through the utilization of standard procedures and materials but a personalized appliance is selected, or one which involves specialized techniques, the charges appropriate to the least costly appliance are covered. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replacement of an existing partial or full removable denture or fixed bridgework by a new denture or by new bridgework, or the addition of teeth to an existing partial removable denture or to bridgework. A given prosthetic appliance for the purpose of replacing an existing appliance will be provided when satisfactory evidence is presented that (a) the new prosthetic appliance is required to replace one or more teeth extracted after the existing denture or bridgework was installed, or (b) the existing prosthetic appliance cannot be made serviceable and it was installed at least five years prior to its replacement, whether under these comprehensive dental benefits or not. • Repair or recementing of bridgework or dentures, or relining or rebasing of dentures more than six months after installation of an initial or replacement denture. <p>A crown or onlay must be installed or delivered within 60 days after termination of coverage.</p> | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p>E. DENTAL IMPLANT SERVICES</p> | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dental implant services are subject to a \$500 Dental Implant Services calendar year maximum. Any benefits that apply toward the Dental Implant Services calendar year maximum also apply toward the overall Calendar Year Maximum Benefit shown above. • The surgical placement of an implant body to replace missing natural teeth. • Removal and replacement of an implant body that is not serviceable and cannot be repaired after a period of at least five years from the date that the implant body was initially placed. • Initial installation of implant-supported prosthesis (crowns, bridgework and dentures) to replace missing teeth. | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replacement of an existing implant-supported prosthesis by a new implant-supported prosthesis, or the addition of teeth to an existing implant-supported prosthesis. We will replace an existing implant-supported prosthesis when satisfactory evidence is presented that (a) the new implant-supported prosthesis is required to replace one or more teeth extracted after the existing implant-supported prosthesis was installed, or (b) the existing implant-supported prosthesis cannot be made serviceable and it was installed at least five years prior to its replacement, whether under these comprehensive dental benefits or not. Repair of implant-supported prosthesis. Other related implant services. <p>Any benefit for grafting related to implants will be provided only after a five year period measured from the date the service was provided, whether under this plan or not.</p> | <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> <p>50% coinsurance.</p> |
| <p>F. DENTAL TELEHEALTH SERVICES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certain telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a dentist or allied dental practitioner. | <p>Coverage level same as stated above in applicable parts of this Dental Benefits Chart, depending on type of service provided, such as Preventive and Diagnostic Services, Basic Services, Special Services, Prosthetic Services or Dental Implant Services.</p> |

Exclusions

- Treatment, procedures, services or drugs that are not dentally necessary
- Any service or item not used for a dental need or purpose. This includes items and services for comfort, convenience or appearance.
- Services needed because of your job. This includes programs to help you prepare for, find and/or keep a job (vocational rehabilitation).
- Services associated with non-covered services
- Dental services or supplies primarily intended to alter the shape, appearance and function of the teeth for cosmetic purposes, or for the purpose of improving the appearance of your teeth. This includes tooth whitening, tooth bonding and veneers that cover the teeth, and any services intended to replace existing restorations done historically for cosmetic reasons, even if due to material failure (wear/chipping/fracture) or the presence of decay at the restorative margin.

- Hospitalization or other facility charges
- Local anesthesia or use of electronic analgesia billed as a separate procedure
- Nitrous oxide, unless Dentally Necessary and required to perform a covered dental procedure
- General anesthesia and intravenous sedation, except as indicated in this Benefits Chart
- Non-intravenous conscious sedation for members age 19 or older
- Orthodontic services
- Services related to any orthodontic treatment in progress prior to the member's effective date (unless specifically waived)
- Orthognathic surgery (surgery to reposition the jaws)
- Services which are elective, investigative, experimental or not otherwise clinically accepted
- Procedures, appliances or restorations that are necessary to alter, restore or maintain occlusion, including but not limited to: increasing vertical dimension, replacing or stabilizing tooth structure lost by attrition, (including chipping or fractures of tooth structure or restorations), or erosion, abfraction, abrasion or realigning teeth
- Mandibular orthopedic appliances and bite planes
- Replacement of:
 - Any missing, lost or stolen dental or implant-supported prosthesis
 - Space maintainers
- Replacement or repair of orthodontic appliances
- Diagnostic testing that is performed and billed as a separate procedure such as collection of microorganisms for culture, viral cultures, genetic testing for susceptibility or oral disease and caries susceptibility tests. This includes all oral pathology and laboratory testing charges.
- Dental services, supplies and devices not expressly covered as a benefit under the optional supplemental comprehensive dental benefits
- Prescription drugs and medications prescribed by a dentist. This includes gingival irrigation.
- Services you have no legal obligation to pay
- The portion of a billed charge for an otherwise covered service by an out-of-network provider, which is in excess of the usual and customary charge
- Duplicate charges or charges for duplicate services
- Services for injury or illness:
 - Arising out of an injury in the course of employment and subject to workers' compensation or similar law
 - For which benefits are payable without regard to fault, under coverage statutorily required to be contained in any motor vehicle or other liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance; or
 - For which benefits are payable under another policy of accident and health insurance, Medicare or any other governmental program
- Services covered under your medical plan, except to the extent not covered under your medical plan
- Non-dental administrative costs, including but not limited to:
 - Dental record preparation or mailing
 - Appointment cancellation fees
 - After hours appointment Charges
 - Interest Charges

- Charges for observation
- Periodontal splinting
- Athletic mouthguards
- Infection control, sterilization and waste disposal
- Sales tax
- Services or supplies provided outside of the United States, except for emergency care
- Treatment, procedures, or services or drugs which are provided when you are not covered under this comprehensive benefit
- Cone beam CT capture and interpretation
- Harvest of bone for use in autogenous grafting procedure
- Maxillofacial prosthetics
- Case presentations for treatment planning or behavioral management
- Enamel microabrasion, odontoplasty and pulpal regeneration
- Surgical procedures for isolation of a tooth with a rubber dam
- Fixed or removable appliances to control harmful habits such as tongue-thrusting or thumb-sucking
- Post processing of image or image sets
- Caries risk assessment and documentation
- Charges for unspecified procedures
- Placement of a restorative foundation for an indirect restoration
- Periradicular services and bone grafts or other material used in conjunction with periradicular surgery
- Maxillofacial MRI
- Maxillofacial ultrasound
- Sialoendoscopy capture and interpretation
- Cleaning and inspection of a removable appliance
- Services associated with non-covered services
- Services that assist in treatment planning and implant case planning
- Services from providers or facilities that are not licensed
- Services outside the scope of practice or license of the individual or facility providing the services
- Sinus augmentation
- Diagnostic casts

Election and Termination of Optional Benefit Rider

As a member of our plan, you have the option of purchasing additional benefits through the Optional Benefit Rider. You may select this benefit rider upon your initial enrollment into the plan, or annually thereafter during the annual enrollment period beginning October 15 and ending December 7. For new members, coverage will be effective on the date your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI coverage is effective. For existing members, coverage will be effective on January 1 following the date of your request. If you change to another HealthPartners Freedom plan, your enrollment in the Optional Benefit Rider will automatically end.

The monthly premium in 2024 is \$42.00. This is in addition to your premium for Medicare Part A and/or Medicare Part B, if applicable, and your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI monthly premium.

You may disenroll from the Optional Benefit Rider at any time by giving us written notice of intent to disenroll. Written notice must be sent to:

HealthPartners
Attn: Riverview Membership Accounting Department
MS 21103R
P.O. Box 9463
Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463

Your coverage for the Optional Benefit Rider will end on the last day of the month following our receipt of your request to end coverage, or the date you request that your coverage ends, if later.

If you end coverage for the Optional Benefit Rider and later wish to re-enroll, you may not re-enroll in the Optional Benefit Rider until the next annual enrollment period (October 15 to December 7).

If you end your HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI plan, the Optional Benefit Rider benefits also end.

Providers

Benefits for covered services must be obtained from our network of participating providers and facilities. See Chapter 1, Section 3.2, *Provider Directory*. You will also be covered for the services in the Optional Benefit Rider if you have activated the extended absence benefit as described in this Chapter 4.

Covered Services

To be covered, a service must be:

- Medically necessary;
- Provided while a member is enrolled for these optional supplemental benefits;
- Not excluded under this EOC.

Optional Benefit Rider Benefits Chart

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|--|---|
| <p>Chiropractic care services</p> <p>This benefit covers the cost sharing for Medicare-covered chiropractic care. In addition, coverage includes routine chiropractic care services that are not covered by Medicare and are within the scope of the chiropractor’s professional license.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicare-covered chiropractic services and medically necessary routine chiropractic services. | <p>Nothing.</p> |

Chiropractic care services, supplies and associated expenses NOT covered:

1. Educational materials such as books and videos.
2. Exercise consultation, instruction or equipment.
3. Maintenance or supportive therapy.
4. All other coverage exclusions listed in this EOC apply. See Chapter 4, Section 2.1, *Medical Benefits Chart* and Chapter 4, Section 3.1, *Services we do not cover (exclusions)*.

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|---|
| <p>Additional home health agency care</p> <p>Coverage for up to 365 home care visits per calendar year. This is a combined benefit of Medicare and non-Medicare-covered services.</p> <p>Home care services include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Part-time or intermittent home nursing care provided or supervised by a registered nurse; 2. Part-time or intermittent home health services that are medically necessary as part of the home care plan, supervised by a registered nurse or medical social worker, and which consist solely of caring for the patient; 3. Physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, or respiratory care; | <p>Nothing.</p> |

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Medical supplies and laboratory services provided by or on behalf of a hospital, if the services and supplies would be covered if the patient were hospitalized; 5. Nutrition counseling provided or supervised by a registered or certified dietitian; and 6. Evaluation of the need for home care and development of a home care plan by a registered nurse, physician extender, or medical social worker, when approved or requested by the attending physician. <p>Coverage is limited to cases where hospitalization or skilled nursing facility confinement would be necessary if home care were not provided and the necessary care or treatment cannot be provided by immediate family members or other persons residing with the member without causing undue hardship. Only state licensed or Medicare-certified home health agencies or certified rehabilitation agencies that are part of the HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI network are covered.</p> | |

Home health agency care services, supplies and associated expenses NOT covered:

1. Home health services provided as a substitute for a primary caregiver in the home or as a relief (respite) for a primary caregiver.
2. Services which are considered custodial in nature, including Personal Care Assistant (PCA) services.
3. Services provided by family members or residents in the member’s home.
4. Services that can be safely and effectively performed by a non-medical person without direct supervision by licensed personnel. For example, routine cares that can be taught to and provided by a non-licensed person such as routine catheter care, simple suctioning, simple wound care, or maintenance exercises.
5. All other coverage exclusions listed in this EOC apply. See Chapter 4, Section 2.1, *Medical Benefits Chart* and Chapter 4, Section 3.1, *Services we do not cover (exclusions)*.

| Services that are covered for you | What you must pay when you get these services |
|---|---|
| <p>Skilled Nursing Facility Services</p> <p>Coverage for 30 days of non-Medicare eligible skilled nursing facility care per calendar year. No prior hospital stay is required.</p> <p>Services must be medically necessary, as certified by the attending physician and recertified every seven days. The facility must be a licensed skilled nursing facility and a network provider.</p> | <p>Nothing.</p> |

Skilled nursing facility services, supplies and associated expenses NOT covered:

1. Custodial or respite care services
2. Care that can be rendered at a lower level is not considered to meet the skilled nursing home level of services.
3. All other coverage exclusions listed in this EOC apply. See Chapter 4, Section 2.1 *Medical Benefits Chart* and Chapter 4, Section 3.1, *Services we do not cover (exclusions)*.

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Section 2.3 | Getting care using our plan's optional extended absence benefit |
|--------------------|--|

If you do not permanently move, but you are continuously away from our plan's service area for more than three months, we usually must disenroll you from our plan. However, we offer an extended absence program, which will allow you to remain enrolled in our plan when you are outside of our service area, but inside the United States, for up to 9 months in a row. Under this program, which is available to all members of this plan who are temporarily in the extended absence area (outside of our service area, but inside the United States), you may receive all plan covered services at in-network out-of-pocket cost sharing. Our extended absence program is described in more detail below.

Extended Absence Benefit

Our plan covers services that you receive from out-of-network providers while you are temporarily outside the service area, but inside the United States, for up to 9 months in a row. The services must be covered services described in this chapter.

To use this benefit, you must activate it by notifying Member Services. You may call us at the telephone numbers shown in Chapter 2 or, if you are registered, notify us on our website at healthpartners.com, preferably before you begin each temporary absence. Notifying Member Services sets up the process that will authorize claims from out-of-network providers to be paid during the period of time you have indicated you will be outside the service area, but inside the United States. Upon activation, coverage under this benefit will begin immediately.

For services to be covered under this benefit, the out-of-network providers you use must participate with the Medicare program. Before you receive services, ask if the provider participates with the Medicare program. You must present both your Medicare card and plan membership card to the out-of-network provider at the time you receive services.

To use this benefit, you must remain a permanent resident of the service area. If you move permanently to a location outside the service area, you are not eligible to use the Extended Absence Benefit.

When you return to the service area, you must use network providers, except for emergency and urgently needed care services, to receive the highest level of coverage under this Evidence of Coverage.

If you are in the extended absence area (outside our service area, but inside the United States), you can stay enrolled in our plan for up to 9 months. If you have not returned to the plan’s service area within 9 months, you will be disenrolled from the plan. For more information, see Chapter 8.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this document.)

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|---|--|---|
| Acupuncture | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances in accordance with Medicare requirements. • Non-Medicare covered acupuncture services are covered as shown in section 2.1 of this chapter. |
| Adult foster care | Not covered under any condition | |
| Charges for sales tax | Not covered under any condition | |
| Commercial weight loss programs and exercise programs | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exercise programs may be covered only when medically necessary according to Medicare coverage guidelines. |

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|--|---|--|
| <p>Cosmetic surgery or procedures</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. • Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance. • In addition, we cover reconstructive surgery, incidental to or following surgery, resulting from injury or illness of the involved part, or to correct a congenital disease or anomaly resulting in functional defect in a dependent child, as determined by the attending physician. |
| <p>Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.</p> | <p>Not covered under any condition</p> | |
| <p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications. Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. <p>(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</p> |

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|--|--|--|
| Eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) is covered for people after cataract surgery. |
| Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household. | Not covered under any condition | |
| Full-time nursing care in your home. | Not covered under any condition | |
| Halfway houses, extended care facilities or comparable facilities and mental health residential treatment facilities | Not covered under any condition | |
| Hearing aids and visits to fit or service hearing aids | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Covered as shown in section 2.1 of this chapter when purchased from TruHearing. |
| Home-delivered meals | Not covered under any condition | |
| Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation. | Not covered under any condition | |
| Incontinence pads or supplies | Not covered under any condition | |
| Medical cannabis | Not covered under any condition | |
| Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments). | Not covered under any condition | |
| Non-emergency wheelchair van transportation | Not covered under any condition | |

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|--|--|--|
| Non-medical administrative fees and charges including but not limited to medical record preparation charges, appointment cancellation fees, after hours appointment charges, and interest charges | Not covered under any condition | |
| Non-routine dental care | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care. |
| Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease. |
| Outpatient prescription drugs | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered as shown in the Benefits Chart under “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.” |
| Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television. | Not covered under any condition | |
| Private room in a hospital. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered only when medically necessary. |
| Professional services associated with substance abuse interventions A “substance abuse intervention” is a gathering of family and/or friends to encourage a person covered under this Evidence of Coverage to seek substance abuse treatment. | Not covered under any condition | |

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|--|---|---|
| <p>Recreational or educational therapy</p> <p>Recreational therapy is therapy provided solely for the purpose of recreation, including but not limited to: (a) requests for physical therapy or occupational therapy to improve athletic ability, and (b) braces or guards to prevent sports injuries.</p> | <p>Not covered under any condition</p> | |
| <p>Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.</p> | <p>Not covered under any condition</p> | |
| <p>Routine chiropractic care</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. • Covered as shown in Section 2.2 of this chapter, “Extra ‘optional supplemental’ benefits you can buy” (Optional Benefit Rider), if you are enrolled for the benefit. |
| <p>Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Covered as shown in Section 2.2 of this chapter only if you are enrolled for the optional supplemental “Freedom Comprehensive Dental Benefit.” |
| <p>Routine foot care</p> | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Some limited coverage is provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes). |
| <p>Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards</p> | <p>Not covered under any condition</p> | |

| Services not covered by Medicare | Not covered under any condition | Covered only under specific conditions |
|---|--|--|
| Transportation and lodging costs in connection with a transplant, if the transplant occurs during any period of time you are covered under the Extended Absence Benefit | Not covered under any condition | |
| Treatment, procedures or services which are provided when you are not covered under this Evidence of Coverage | Not covered under any condition | |

CHAPTER 5:

*Asking us to pay our share of a bill
you have received for covered
medical services*

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. Or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost. Ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called *balance billing*. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we

pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within one year (12 months)** of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster. Your submission for medical claims must include:
 - Member name and ID number (written on each page)
 - Date(s) of service
 - Place of service (like a clinic, hospital, urgent care, or someplace else)
 - Provider name, address, and phone number
 - Provider tax ID number
 - Diagnosis code(s)
 - Procedure/CPT codes
 - Amount billed
 - Proof of payment (if you already paid your provider)

- Either submit the online medical claim form from our website (healthpartners.com) or call Member Services. Log on to your account, and on the My Plan page Overview tab, select “Find a form.”

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

HealthPartners
Medical Claims
P.O. Box 1289
Minneapolis, MN 55440-1289

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

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| Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe |
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When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

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| Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal |
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If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

CHAPTER 6:

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan

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| Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.) |
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Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in large print or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with the Civil Rights Coordinator at 1-866-444-3493, integrityandcompliance@healthpartners.com or Civil Rights Coordinator, Office of Integrity and Compliance, MS 21103K, 8170 33rd Avenue South, Bloomington, MN 55425. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

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| Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services |
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You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

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| Section 1.3 | We must protect the privacy of your personal health information |
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your *personal health information* includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.*
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

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|--------------------|---|
| Section 1.4 | We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services |
|--------------------|---|

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan’s financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

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| Section 1.5 | We must support your right to make decisions about your care |
|--------------------|---|

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises

you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an **advance directive** to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the Wisconsin Division of Quality Assurance at 608-266-8481 or call Member Services.

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| Section 1.6 | You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made |
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If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

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| Section 1.7 | What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected? |
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If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services.**
- You can **call the SHIP.** For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Section 1.8 | How to get more information about your rights |
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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services.**
- You can **call the SHIP.** For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare.**
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)

- Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.
 - Notifying out-of-network providers when seeking care (unless it is an emergency) that although you are enrolled in our plan, the provider should bill Original Medicare. You should present your membership card and your Medicare card.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must pay your plan premium.
 - You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.

- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 7:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

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| Section 1.1 | What to do if you have a problem or concern |
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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

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| Section 1.2 | What about the legal terms? |
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There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances an appeal request will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

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| Section 4.2 | How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal |
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Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Member Services**.
- You **can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)
- For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your *representative* to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

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| Section 4.3 | Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation? |
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There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: **Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**
- **Section 6** of this chapter: **How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon**
- **Section 7** of this chapter: **How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon** (*Applies only to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services*)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision

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| Section 5.1 | This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care |
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This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

If you have a complaint about a bill when you receive care from an out-of-network provider, the appeals process described will not apply, unless you were directed to go to an out-of-network provider by the plan or one of the network providers, or the service was provided outside of the United States.

You should refer to the notice of the service (called the Medicare Summary Notice) you receive from Original Medicare. The Medicare Summary Notice provides information on how to appeal a decision made by Original Medicare.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 7 and 8 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

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| Section 5.2 | Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision |
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| Legal Terms |
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| When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an organization determination . |
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| <i>A fast coverage decision</i> is called an expedited determination . |
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Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines
 - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision
 - Explains that you can file a *fast complaint* about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines. This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.** We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
 - (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

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| Section 5.4 | Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done |
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| The formal name for the independent review organization is the Independent Review Entity . It is sometimes called the IRE . |
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The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file**. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called upholding the decision or turning down your appeal). In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
 - Explaining its decision.
 - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
 - Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

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| Section 5.5 | What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care? |
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Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

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| Section 6.1 | During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights |
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Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

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| Section 6.2 | Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date |
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If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
 - **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - **If you do *not* meet this deadline**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says *yes*, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to **Level 2** of the appeals process.

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|--------------------|--|
| Section 6.3 | Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date |
|--------------------|--|

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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| Section 6.4 | What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date? |
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|-------------------|
| Legal Term |
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| A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an expedited appeal . |
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You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different*.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the *fast* deadlines rather than the *standard* deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- **If we say no to your appeal**, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
 - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

Step 4: If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

| Legal Term |
|---|
| The formal name for the independent review organization is the Independent Review Entity . It is sometimes called the IRE . |

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

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| Section 7.1 | <i>This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services</i> |
|--------------------|--|

When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

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| Section 7.2 | We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending |
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| Legal Term |
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| Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how you can request a fast-track appeal . Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. |
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1. **You receive a notice in writing** at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.

2. **You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

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|--------------------|--|
| Section 7.3 | Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time |
|--------------------|--|

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track* appeal. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

| Legal Term |
|---|
| Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage. |

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage**, from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.**
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

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| Section 7.4 | Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time |
|--------------------|--|

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision. The Level 3 appeal is handled by an

Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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| Section 7.5 | What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal? |
|--------------------|--|

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different*.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

| Legal Term |
|--|
| A fast review (or <i>fast appeal</i>) is also called an expedited appeal . |

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the *fast* deadlines rather than the *standard* deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.

Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

| Legal Term |
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| The formal name for the <i>independent review organization</i> is the Independent Review Entity . It is sometimes called the IRE . |

Step-by-Step: Level 2 *Alternate* Appeal Process

During the Level 2 appeal, the **independent review organization** reviews the decision we made to your *fast appeal*. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan, and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

Step 3: If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

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| Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests |
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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

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| Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. |
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- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council’s decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

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| Section 9.1 | What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process? |
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The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service.

If you have a complaint regarding a service provided by a hospital or skilled nursing facility that is not part of the plan network, follow the complaint process established by Original Medicare. However, if you have a complaint involving a plan network hospital or skilled nursing facility (or you were directed to go to an out-of-network hospital or skilled nursing facility by the plan or one of the network providers), you will follow the instructions contained in this section. This is true even if you received a Medicare Summary Notice indicating that a claim was processed but

not covered by Original Medicare. Furthermore, if you have a complaint regarding an emergency or urgently needed service, or the cost sharing for hospital or skilled nursing facility services, Medicare deductible and/or coinsurance (cost-sharing) amount that you believe your plan owes an otherwise covered hospital service, you will follow the instructions contained in this section. If you have complaints about optional supplemental benefits, you may also file an appeal.

Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

| Complaint | Example |
|--|---|
| Quality of your medical care | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)? |
| Respecting your privacy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information? |
| Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? • Are you unhappy with our Member Services? • Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan? |
| Waiting times | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? • Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room. |
| Cleanliness | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office? |
| Information you get from us | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did we fail to give you a required notice? • Is our written information hard to understand? |
| Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals) | If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we have said no; you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals you can make a complaint. • You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services that were approved; you can make a complaint. • You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint. |

Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A **Complaint** is also called a **grievance**.
- **Making a complaint** is also called **filing a grievance**.
- **Using the process for complaints** is also called **using the process for filing a grievance**.
- A **fast complaint** is also called an **expedited grievance**.

Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- If your oral complaint is not resolved to your satisfaction, we will offer to provide a complaint form which must be completed, signed and returned to Member Rights & Benefits for further consideration. We will assist you in completing this form, or will complete it for you and mail it to you for your signature, if you ask for assistance.

Once we receive your written complaint, Member Rights & Benefits will begin to investigate your concerns. If we cannot resolve your concerns within 10 days, we will send you an acknowledgment letter, letting you know we received your written complaint.

We will mail our decision within 30 days of our receipt of your written complaint. If we need more information and an extension is in your best interest, we may take an additional 14 days to make our decision. The written decision will include any additional complaint rights you may have.

We will respond within 24 hours if you request a fast or expedited complaint because we are:

1. processing your request or appeal for a service under our regular time frame; or
2. taking extra days to consider your request or appeal.

Complaints must be sent or directed to the address shown in Chapter 2, Section 1.

Depending on the nature of your complaint, you may also have the right to file an appeal through the Medicare appeals process described earlier in this chapter. If you have questions about which process to use to resolve complaints, you may call Member Services. We are ultimately responsible for all appeals functions.

Definitions:

Note: All of the definitions below are based on and required by Wisconsin law.

The definitions of “Adverse Determination” and “Experimental Treatment Determination” apply to the “Independent Review Process” described later in this section.

The definitions of “Complaint” and “Grievance” are not the same as the Medicare definitions. Medicare considers a complaint and a grievance to be the same thing. (See the definitions in Section 9.2 above.) Wisconsin law says that a complaint is not in writing, and a grievance is in writing.

Adverse Determination. This is a determination by us or on our behalf to which all of the following apply:

- An admission to a health care facility, the availability of care, the continued stay, or a treatment that is a covered benefit has been reviewed and denied;
- Based on the information provided, the treatment or care does not meet the plan’s requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care or effectiveness;
- Based on the information provided, we have reduced, denied or terminated payment for the treatment or care.

Authorized Representative. This is anyone acting on your behalf to issue a complaint or grievance. You may designate an authorized representative by sending an appropriately-worded authorization permitting us to disclose your personal health information to your authorized representative. We will provide you with an authorization form to complete, upon request. The purpose of the authorization is to ensure that we have your permission to disclose your personal health information to a third party. Unless otherwise permitted by applicable law, if a third party issues a complaint or grievance and we do not have such authorization from you, we will not investigate the issue and will not respond to you directly with the outcome.

Complaint. This is an expression of dissatisfaction by you or your authorized representative about us or our contracted providers during your enrollment or application for enrollment in this plan.

Experimental Treatment Determination. A determination by us, or on our behalf, to which all of the following apply:

- A proposed treatment has been reviewed;
- Based on the information provided, the treatment has been determined to be experimental according to the terms of this plan;
- Based on the information provided, we have denied payment for the treatment.

Grievance. This is a written statement of dissatisfaction by you or your authorized representative pertaining to concerns about our provision of services, claims practices or administration of this plan during your enrollment or application for enrollment in this plan.

Internal Grievance Process: The process described below only applies to complaints, as described in Sections 9.1 and 9.2 of this chapter, and complaints about benefits that are mandated by the State of Wisconsin. (For benefits that are not mandated by the State of Wisconsin, please see the Medicare appeals process described in sections 4-8 of this chapter.)

You or your authorized representative may seek further review of a complaint not resolved through the complaint process described above. The steps in this grievance process are outlined below.

- 1. Standard Grievance.** You or your authorized representative may send your written request for review, including comments, documents, records and other information relating to the grievance, and any other supporting information to the address shown in Chapter 2, Section 1, under “How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care.”

Within 5 business days of receiving your grievance, we will deliver or deposit in the mail to you or your authorized representative a written notice stating we received the grievance.

Upon request and at no charge to you, you will be given reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records and other information relevant to your grievance.

You or your authorized representative have the right to appear in person before, or by teleconference with, the grievance committee to present any verbal testimony, written comments, records, or documents pertinent to the grievance. We will send you written notice of the date, time, and place of the grievance panel meeting at least 7 calendar days prior to the meeting date.

We will review your grievance and will notify you in writing of our decision within 30 calendar days of our receipt of your grievance. If we are unable to resolve your grievance within this time frame, we may extend the review period for up to 14 additional calendar days: we will notify you in writing that we have not resolved the grievance, the reason why we have not resolved the grievance, and the date by which we expect to resolve the grievance. All notification described above will comply with applicable law.

- 2. Expedited Grievance.** If your grievance concerns urgently-needed services, and the review time frames specified above could result in adverse health effects, the procedure specified in section 1 above does not apply. For urgently-needed services, you may request an expedited grievance either verbally, by calling Member Services, or in writing. We will review your grievance as expeditiously as possible, taking into account any medical exigencies. Within 24 hours of such request, we will provide notification of the outcome of our review.

We will respond to a complaint within 24 hours if: (a) it involves our decision to invoke an extension of time to render an organization determination or reconsideration decision regarding a Medicare appeal; or (b) when the complaint involves our denial of a request for an expedited organization determination or reconsideration.

Upon written request, we will mail or e-mail to you or your authorized representative, within 2 business days, a copy of your current Evidence of Coverage.

Independent Review Process:

In addition to the Medicare appeals process described in sections 4-8 of this chapter, as a Wisconsin resident, you have the right to a Wisconsin Independent External Review in certain circumstances. The process is as follows:

- a. If we have made an Adverse Determination or Experimental Treatment Determination (defined above), you may request independent review of our decision if you have exhausted this plan's grievance process. This provision may be waived if either of the following conditions applies:

You or your authorized representative and we agree that your grievance should proceed directly to independent review; or

The Independent Review Organization ("IRO") determines, based on a request for an independent review that you have sent both to us and to the IRO at the same time, that an expedited review is appropriate because the time frames for this plan's grievance procedures would jeopardize your life or health or your ability to regain maximum function.

To be eligible for independent review, the treatment must be a covered benefit under this plan, and you or your authorized representative must request the independent review as soon as possible, but not later than 120 calendar days following the date of our Adverse Determination, Experimental Treatment Determination, or grievance panel decision, whichever is later.

- b. You or your authorized representative must select an IRO from a list of IROs certified by the State of Wisconsin. You can obtain this list by calling our Member Services Department. You can also obtain the list directly from the State of Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance ("OCI") by calling (608) 266-3585 in Madison or 800-236-8517 outside of Madison, or by visiting the OCI website at oci.wi.gov.
- c. You or your authorized representative must send your written request for independent review to the address shown in Chapter 2, Section 1, under "How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care."

If you believe your request involves urgently-needed services, or if we mutually agree that your request should proceed directly to independent review, you should send your request to us and to the IRO you choose, at the same time.
- d. The IRO will notify you and us of its determination within 30 calendar days (or within 72 hours of its receipt of all needed information, if the independent review is expedited).
- e. The determination of the IRO is binding on you and on us, consistent with Section 632.895(3)(f) of The Wisconsin Statutes.

Office of the Commissioner of Insurance:

At any time, you may also file a complaint with The State of Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance by calling (608) 266-3585 in Madison or 800-236-8517 outside of Madison to request a complaint form. You may send a written complaint to:

Office of the Commissioner of Insurance
Complaints Department
PO Box 7873
Madison, WI 53707-7873

- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a *fast complaint*, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours**.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

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| Section 9.4 | You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization |
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When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

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| Section 9.5 | You can also tell Medicare about your complaint |
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You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8:

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

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| Section 2.1 You can end your membership at any time |
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You can disenroll from this plan at any time. You may switch to Original Medicare or, if you have an enrollment period, you may enroll in a Medicare Advantage or another Medicare prescription drug plan. Your membership will usually end on the last day of the month in which we receive your request to change your plan.

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| Section 2.2 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership? |
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If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

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| Section 3.1 To end your membership, you must ask us in writing |
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You may end your membership in our plan at any time during the year and change to Original Medicare. To end your membership, you must make a request in writing to us. Your membership will end on the last day of the month in which we receive your request. Contact us if you need more information on how to do this.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

| If you would like to switch from our plan to: | This is what you should do: |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Another Medicare health plan. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan’s coverage begins. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. • You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan’s coverage begins. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this. • You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. • You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins. |

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan

Until your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items and services through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

- If you use out-of-network providers to obtain medical services, the services are covered under Original Medicare. You will be responsible for Original Medicare's cost sharing for such services, with the exception of emergency and urgently needed services.

SECTION 5 We must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

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| Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan? |
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We must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part B. Members must stay continuously enrolled in Medicare Part B.
- If you move out of our service area or you are away from our service area for more than 90 days in a row (9 months in a row if you have activated the Extended Absence Benefit and remain inside the United States).
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you do not pay the plan premiums.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

Section 5.2 **We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason**

We are not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 **You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan**

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 9:

Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare health plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, we, as a Medicare cost plan sponsor, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Assignment of benefits

You may not, in any way, assign or transfer your rights or benefits under this Evidence of Coverage. In addition, you may not, in any way, assign or transfer your right to pursue any causes of action arising under this Evidence of Coverage including, but not limited to, causes of action for denial of benefits under this Evidence of Coverage.

SECTION 5 Rights of reimbursement and subrogation

If we provide or pay for services to treat an injury or illness: (a) caused by the act or omission of another party; or (b) covered by no fault or employer liability laws; or (c) available or required to be furnished by or through national or state governments or their agencies; or (d) sustained on the property of a third party, we have the right to recover the reasonable value of our services and payments made. This right shall be by reimbursement and subrogation. The right of reimbursement means you must repay us at the time you make any recovery. Recovery means all amounts received by you from any persons, organizations or insurers by way of settlement, judgment, award or otherwise on account of such injury or illness. The right of subrogation means that we may make claim in your name or our name against any persons, organizations or insurers on account of such injury or illness.

The rights of reimbursement and subrogation apply whether or not you have been fully compensated for your losses or damages by any recovery of payments; in the event you settle any claim against any third party, you are deemed to have been made whole by such settlement and we will be entitled to immediately collect the reasonable value of our subrogation rights from said payments.

If, after recovery of any payments, you receive services or incur expenses on account of such injury or illness, you may be required to pay for such services or expenses. The total of all reimbursement and payments will not exceed your recovery.

This right of reimbursement and subrogation applies to any type of recovery from any third party, including but not limited to recoveries from tortfeasors, underinsured motorist coverage, uninsured motorist coverage, medical payments coverage, other substitute coverage or any other right of recovery, whether based on tort, contract, equity or any other theory of recovery. The right of reimbursement is binding upon you, your legal representative, your heirs, next of kin and any trustee or legal representative of your heirs or next of kin in the event of your death. Any amounts you receive from such a recovery must be held in trust for our benefit to the extent of our subrogation claims.

You agree to cooperate fully in every effort by us to enforce our rights of reimbursement and subrogation. You also agree that you will not do anything to interfere with those rights. You agree to promptly inform us in writing of any situation or circumstance which may allow us to invoke our rights under this part. Our rights under this part are subject to and may be limited by law. A member desiring information about subrogation and our subrogation rights should consult an attorney.

SECTION 6 Terms and conditions of use of this Evidence of Coverage (EOC)

Use of this EOC is subject to the following:

- This EOC is available in printed form, and it may be available in electronic form.
- Only HealthPartners, Inc. is authorized to amend this EOC.
- Any other alteration to a printed or electronic EOC is unauthorized.
- In the event of a conflict between printed or electronic EOC only the authorized EOC will govern.

HealthPartners, Inc. names and logos and all related products and service names, design marks and slogans are the trademarks of HealthPartners, Inc. or its related companies.

SECTION 7 Right to disenroll from the plan

You may disenroll from the plan at any time for any reason. However, it may take up to 60 days to return you to the regular Medicare program. Your disenrollment will become effective on the day you return to regular Medicare. You will be notified by the plan of the date on which your disenrollment becomes effective. The plan will return any unused premium to you on a pro rata basis.

SECTION 8 Minimum standards for Medicare Cost insurance

The Wisconsin Insurance Commissioner has set minimum standards for Medicare Cost insurance. For an explanation of these standards and other important information, please see the “Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare in Wisconsin,” given to you when you applied for HealthPartners Freedom Balance WI. Do not buy this plan if you did not get that guide.

CHAPTER 10:

Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans. (As a member of a Medicare Cost Plan, you can switch to Original Medicare at any time. But you can only join a new Medicare health or drug plan during certain times of the year, such as the Annual Enrollment Period.)

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to *balance bill* or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measure your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

CareLineSM Service – This is a service of our plan, which employs a staff of registered nurses who are available by phone to assist members in assessing their need for medical care, and to coordinate after-hours care, as covered in this Evidence of Coverage.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services after you pay any deductibles.

Complaint – The formal name for *making a complaint* is *filing a grievance*. The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Convenience Clinic – This is a clinic that offers a limited set of services and does not require an appointment.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. (This is in addition to the plan’s monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service that a plan requires when the service is received.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care provided by people who do not have professional skills or training includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

Disenroll or Disenrollment – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

E-visit – A non-face-to-face, online digital evaluation/assessment and management service between a health care provider and an established patient, where the provider gives the patient medical advice. An E-visit is conducted via secure online messaging over an encrypted website.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

“Extra Help” – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Habilitative Care – This is speech, physical or occupational therapy which is rendered for congenital, developmental or medical conditions which have significantly limited the successful initiation of normal speech and normal motor development. To be considered habilitative, measurable functional improvement and measurable progress must be made toward achieving functional goals, within a predictable period of time toward a member’s maximum potential ability. The determination of whether such measurable progress has been made is within the sole discretion of our medical director or his or her designee, based on objective documentation.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the seven-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums and Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

Medicare Cost Plan – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. (For members who have only Medicare Part B, the plan covers only Part B services.) The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Cost Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called *plan providers*.

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers

and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain Part B drugs. In a Medicare Cost Plan, you need prior authorization for any out-of-network services to be covered under the plan. Covered services that need prior authorization are in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 and marked in the Benefits Chart.

Prosthetics and Orthotics –Medical devices including, but are not limited to: arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Real-time Interactive Audio and Video Technologies – Secure, online real-time video consultations between a patient and a network provider to diagnose and treat some conditions.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Scheduled Telephone Visit – A telephone assessment or an evaluation and management visit between a health care provider and an established patient conducted over the phone, as an alternative to an office visit.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Specialists – These are providers who are not in the following categories: Family Practice, General Practice, Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, Adolescent Medicine, Adult Medicine and Geriatrics.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

United States – The fifty states, the District of Columbia and the U.S. territories of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands.

Urgently Needed Services – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

Usual and Customary Amount – The maximum amount allowed considered in the calculation of payment of charges for certain covered services. It is consistent with the charge of other providers of a given service or item in the same region.

Virtuwell® – This is a non-face-to-face online clinic service that can be used for diagnosis, treatment, and prescriptions for certain minor conditions, such as a cold and flu, ear pain and sinus infections. You may access the Virtuwell website at [virtuwell.com](https://www.virtuwell.com).

Our plan's Member Services

| Method | Member Services – Contact Information |
|----------------|--|
| CALL | <p>800-233-9645</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You'll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we'll get back to you within one business day.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p> |
| TTY | <p>711</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>From Oct. 1 through March 31, we take calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, seven days a week. You'll speak with a representative.</p> <p>From April 1 through Sept. 30, call us 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. CT, Monday through Friday to speak with a representative. On Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays, you can leave a message and we'll get back to you within one business day.</p> |
| FAX | 952-883-7333 |
| WRITE | <p>HealthPartners Member Services MS 21103R P.O. Box 9463 Minneapolis, MN 55440-9463</p> |
| WEBSITE | <u>healthpartners.com/medicare</u> |

The Board on Aging and Long Term Care (Wisconsin SHIP)

The Board on Aging and Long Term Care is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

| Method | Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | 800-242-1060 |
| WRITE | State of Wisconsin – Board on Aging and Long Term Care 1402 Pankratz Street, Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704 Email: BOALTC@Wisconsin.Gov |
| WEBSITE | longtermcare.wi.gov/ |

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